Philadelphia's Recent Building Collapses Causes and Prevention

Presented By John J. Peirce, P.E.



Presented To National Association of Women In Construction 2006 Region One Forum Philadelphia, Pennsylvania



Background Overview

- 1. Unprecedented boom in Philadelphia building construction
 - Residential Town Houses (Row Houses)
 - Mid and High-Rise Condominiums
 - Private Developments / Smaller Developers
 - Smaller Contractors (Generals and Subcontractors)
- 2. Partial demolition of existing row houses and town houses
- 3. Increased incidents of damage or collapse to existing adjacent structures
- 4. City reaction



Background 1. Booming Construction

High Rise Condominiums Larger projects Larger developers Larger contractors / subcontractors Less problems Mid Rise Condominiums Smaller projects Smaller developers Smaller contractors / subcontractors More problems

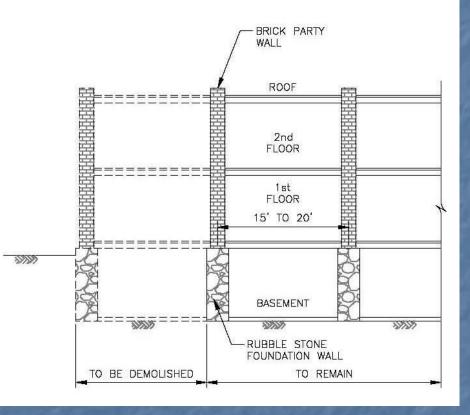
Residential Town Houses

- Very small projects
- Very small developers
- Very small contractors / subcontractors
- Many problems



Background 2. Partial Demolition

- Partial demolition of existing row or town houses
- Exposure of internal party wall
- Stucco coating provides no support





Background 3. Increased incidents of damage or collapse

A downside to Phila.'s development

Work on new houses is making others fall down.

By Jennifer Lin INQUIRER STAFF WRITEF

Bob Harvey no longer has a home. He used to live on the top floor of an apartment building he owned on the 1900 block of Spring Garden Street in Philadelphia.

But he's lost his building and all of his possessions — photos of grandchildren, an award from the emir of Kuwait, an Ed Rendell bobblehead doll. "I'm living like a vagabond," said the 54-year-old retired salesman.

A victim of a fire? An explosion? A flood? If only. Harvey's misfortune was living next door to a construction site.

The downside to all of the new houses going up in Philadelphia's tightly packed neighborhoods is all of the old houses next door that are falling down.

So far this year, seven adjacent older properties have been damaged or destroyed by excavation work, according to the city's Department of Licenses and Inspections (L&I). Last year, there was one.

Philadelphia Inquirer Story, 12/18/05 1900 Block of Spring Garden Street

A downside to development in Phila.

CONSTRUCTION from B1 sense," said Robert Solvibile, L&I commissioner. With the rush in new-home construction, developers are combing the city for vacant land to convert into homes or apartments.

Fallow lots, wedged between existing old buildings, are giving way to foundations for new buildings. And herein lies the risk: For a

city as old as Philadelphia, many of those adja-L&I now cent properrequires an ties rest on foundations engineer to of layered OK a plan fieldstone. In the L&I to ensure bulletin that adjacent went out this properties month, the de

are safe. said that when rubbles stone foundations of older buildings are exposed or underbuilden catastrophic failure." That's what happened to Harvey's apartment house. And that's what Drew Dedo fears will happen to his fownhouse. Dedo, a lawyer, lives near 16th and South Streets. Several adjacent parcels are being



al adjacent parcets are being developed into apartments as an insured party with Univerand retail space by Universal sal's insurance carrier. He also South Street. And in September, disturbed the rubble-stone fourdown and retail space by Universal sal's insurance carrier. He also South Street. And in September, disturbed the rubble-stone fourdown and retail space by Universal sal's insurance carrier. He also South Street. And about Harvey's 170-year-oil retiresting, and now it's gone, Community Homes, a nonprof. vaniet duriversal to pay his en- he read about Harvey's 170-year-oil retiresting. The sale of a university of the sale of the sale



"They literally took my land, They're storing

dirt on it." says Bob Harvey, left, standing

where his house once stood in the 1900

block of Spring Garden Street. Builders

digging to put up a condo building next

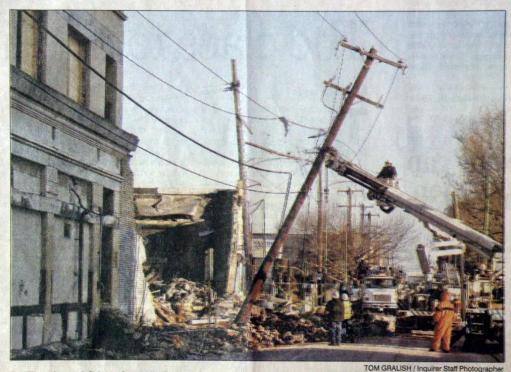
said the house had to be demolished

because it was listing dangerously.

door disturbed the foundation. Inspectors

Background 3. Increased incidents of damage or collapse

Knocked out of a-line-ment



A utility pole was left testering yesterday morning when the wall of a building collapsed on Fourth Street just north of Vine Street, spilling brickwork and other debris into the pole and across the road. Workers had been dismantling the building as part of a project to turn the eight-story building at left into condominiums. No one was injured.

- Philadelphia Inquirer Story, 1/27/06
- 300 Block of North 4th Street



Background 3. Increased incidents of damage or collapse

Philadelphia Inquirer Story, 1/9/06 **300 Block of Christian Street**

'It was a rhythmic pop-pop-pop'

More neighbors of construction sites tell of foundations undermined, decks amputated.

By Jennifer Lin INQUIRER STAFF WRITER

Say you're sitting in your car and get hit by another driver. What comes next is understood by both parties. You file an insurance claim and, more often than not, can be made whole.

Now imagine you're sitting in your Center City rowhouse, and it gets damaged by a contractor working next door.

Two words: Good luck.

The first person you may have to contact is a lawyer.

It's a rude awakening for homeowners and a predicament many more Center City residents are finding themselves in.

Last month, The Inquirer reported that with the downtown housing boom, damage to adjacent properties had increased. About a dozen homeowners replied with horror stories of their own.

The picture that emerges is of a frustrating, protracted, expensive process for recouping the cost of property damage.

Many homeowners said their insurance did not cover damage caused by others, leaving them with no alternative but legal action. "Why can't someone advocate on my behalf who I don't have to pay \$200 or



ERIC MENCHER / Inquirer Staff Photographe

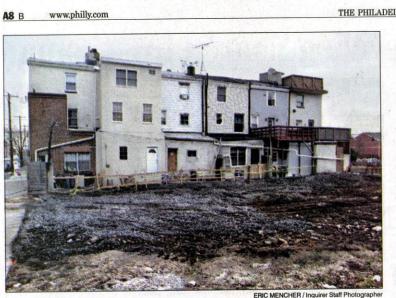
\$300 an hour?" said David Chase, co-owner of a brick rowhouse in the 900 block of South Sixth Street in Queen Village.

Chase said a backyard wall, a 19th-century shed and a patio were damaged when a developer building 18 townhouses illegally dug too close to his property. A common alleyway used by neighbors also was destroyed.

and Sean Graf opened their back door on **Christian Street** to find dirt sliding into a foundation dug next door. They called the city's Department of Licenses and Inspections, The developer had to stop building and fill in the hole.

Natalie Dardaris

The city's Department of Licenses and Inspections cited developer Gary Reisner of the Regis Group and said his company had to rectify the situation. Reisner did not return several phone calls seeking comment. Nine months later, nothing has been done, Chase said, and he and his neigh-See DAMAGE on A8



Queen Village construction damaged the properties of Natalie Dardaris (second from left) and Matt and Debbie Moluf (second from right). The builder said he was not at fault but promised changes.

Construction damage falls between the cracks



Background 4. City Reaction

	DEPARTME CODE BUL	CODE OF GENERAL ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA TITLE 4 — Building Construction and Occupancy Code	
SUBJEC	T OF BULLETIN:	REFERENCE CODE SECTION(S):	
E	EXCAVATIONS AND	S B-1803.1	
ISSUED BY			
NAME:	David J. Perri, P.E.	SIGNATURE:	ISSUE DATE December 2, 2005
TITLE:	Chief Code Official	•	PAGE 1 OF 2

BACKGROUND

The City has recently experienced several building collapses attributed to builders digging basements and footings too close to existing buildings. In particular, many older buildings in Philadelphia are supported on rubble stone foundation walls with minimal or no spread footings below. When such walls are exposed or undermined they become unstable and are prone to sudden catastrophic failure. Building collapses have also been caused by property owners that attempt to increase the height of their basements by digging out the basement floor. Though the danger is most acute with rubble stone foundation walls, damage and failure can occur whenever structures are undermined, regardless of their age or condition. This Code Bulletin will set forth construction document requirements to aid in enforcing the code section that addresses this concern.

1. The construction documents include a detailed plan for protecting the footings and foundations of buildings and structures from settlement or lateral translation. This plan for protection of buildings must be designed by a registered professional engineer. ---- or ----



Background 4. City Reaction

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YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED ONSIDERE INSPECTIONS AS DESIGNATED 308 SECTION PN ARE HEREBY YOU FAIL TO ADHERE STUCCO THE PARTY N ALL PROVISIONS OF FAILURE TO PAY THE BILL WILL RESULT IN THE CITY FILING A LIEN IN THE AMOUNT AGAINST TITLE TO THE PREMISES. THIS NOTICE IS FINAL.

INICIPAL SERVICI 1TH FLOOR PHILADELPHIA, PA 19102

DATE POSTED

Causes of Damages and Collapses Overview

- 1. Vertical settlement of walls or foundations
- 2. Lateral movement of walls or foundations
- 3. Damage from construction equipment

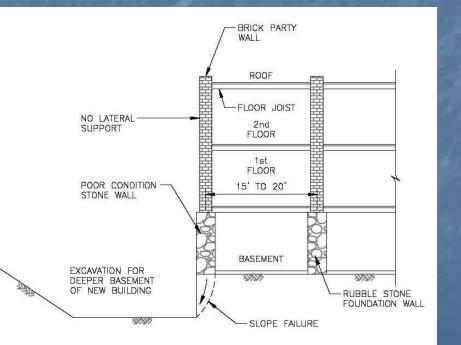


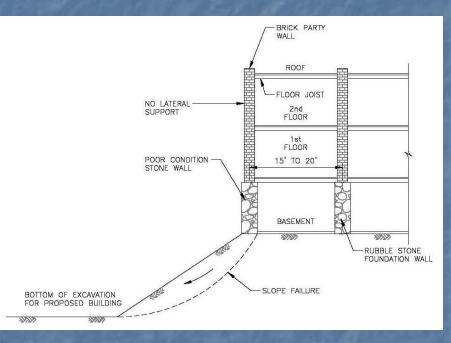




Causes of Damages and Collapses 1. Vertical settlement of walls or foundations

Undermining of structure
 Reduction of bearing capacity

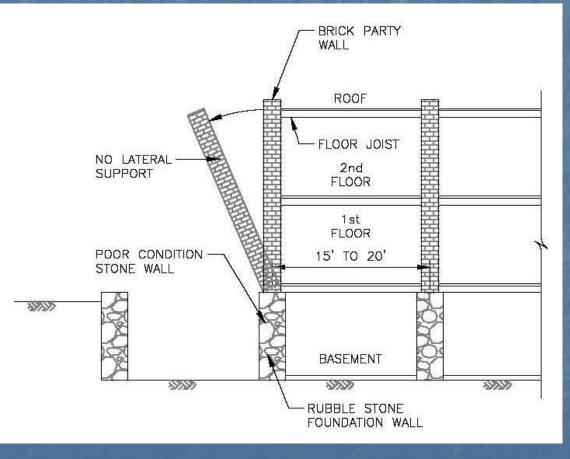






Causes of Damages and Collapses 2. Lateral movement of walls or foundations

Wind inducedVibration induced





Causes of Damages and Collapses 3. Damage from construction equipment

Knocked out of a-line-ment



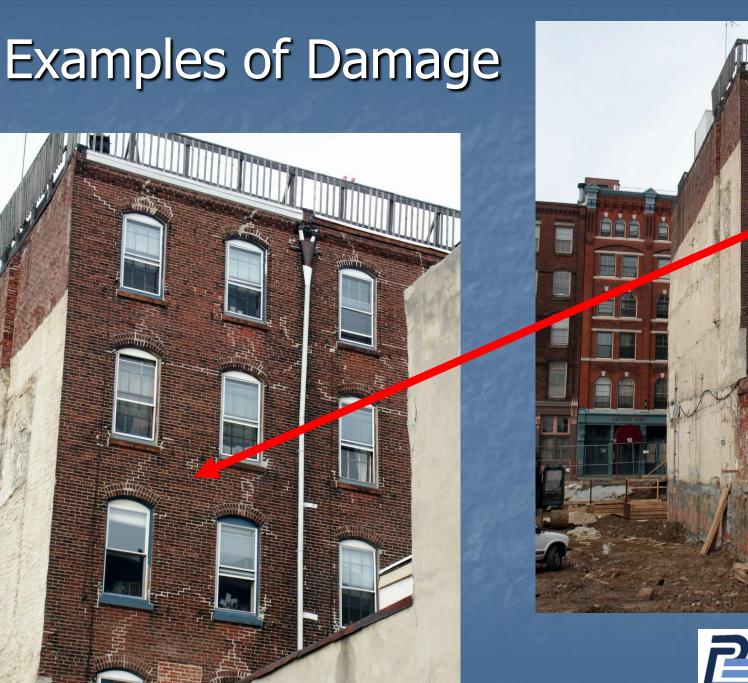
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 During excavation for new building
 During construction of new building



Examples of Exterior Damage









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Examples of Exterior Damage







Examples of Interior Damage

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Prevention of Damages and Collapses

Secure sufficient construction funds
Hire experienced architects and engineers
Hire experienced contractors and subcontractors
Implement proper sheeting, shoring, and underpinning measures



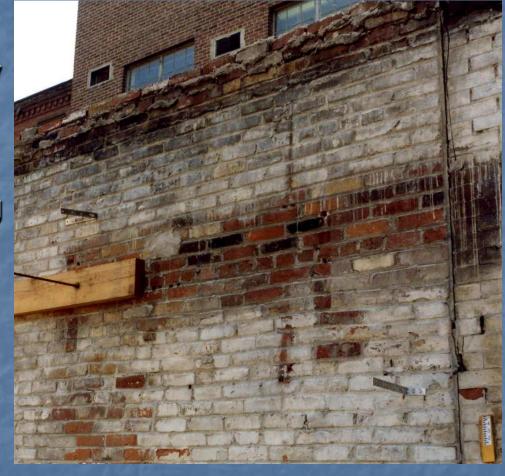
Prevention of Damages and Collapses Continued

Pre-construction Survey

- Photos
- Video
- Written

Construction Monitoring

- Vertical survey readings
- Horizontal survey readings
- Visual inspection





Requirements for a Successful Underpinning Operation

- Engage an engineer highly experienced in underpinning design
- Obtain City approval of underpinning design
- Make pre-bid, pre-design, & pre-construction site visits
- Engage a contractor highly experienced in underpinning
- Coordinate construction operations in field
 Make periodic site visits during underpinning work



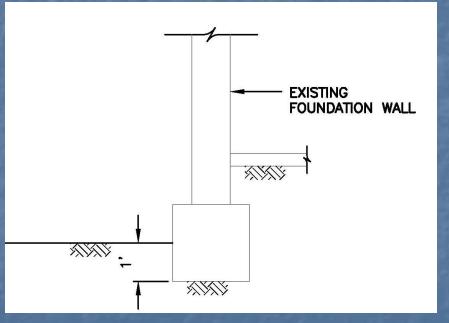
Underpinning Procedures & DetailsEstablish survey monitoring controls



Underpinning Procedures & Details

Excavate to <u>+</u> 1' above bottom of existing footing to be underpinned
 Monitor building for movements







Underpinning Procedures & Details Brace existing wall if required to prevent lateral movement







Underpinning Procedures & Details The infamous rubble stone foundation wall up close & personal!







Underpinning Procedures & Details

 Poorly mortared or loose (dry) rubble stone walls are especially difficult, but not impossible, to underpin
 Not for the inexperienced!







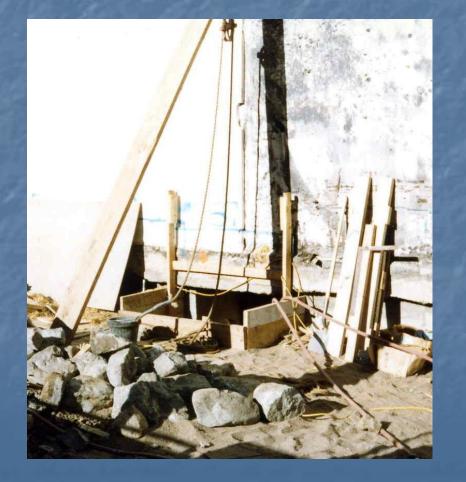
Underpinning Procedures & Details Layout underpinning piers & construction sequence

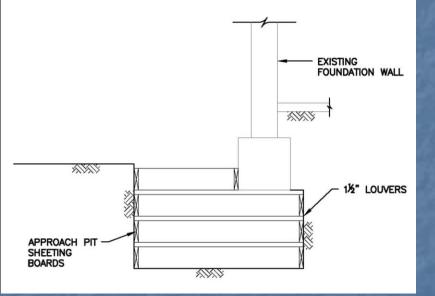






Underpinning Procedures & Details Excavate & shore underpinning pit approach hole

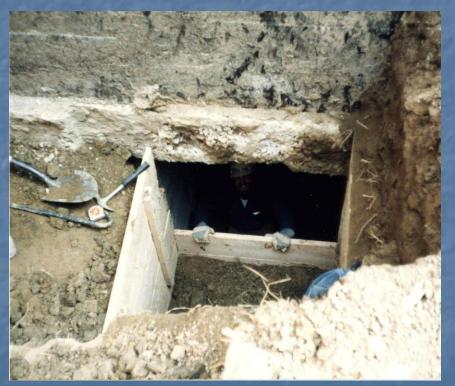






Underpinning Procedures & Details Excavate & shore pit to required depth







Underpinning Procedures & Details Excavate & shore pit to required depth







Underpinning Procedures & DetailsExcavate & shore pit to required depth

Looking down, man at bottom





Looking up at bottom of footing



Completed Underpinning Shallow, continuous, underpinning piers



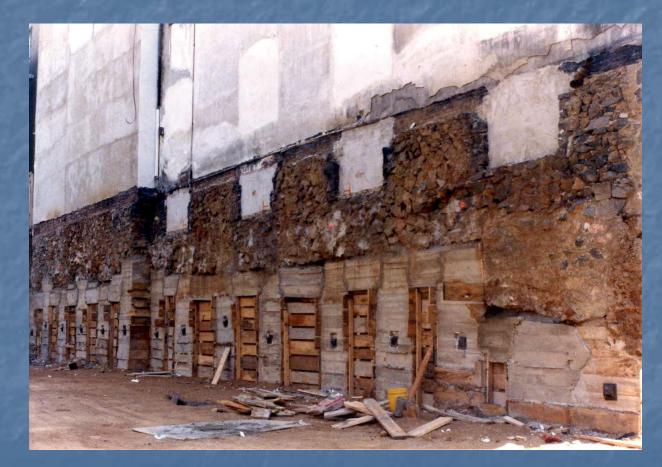


Completed Underpinning Braced, intermittent, underpinning piers





Completed Underpinning Deep, tiedback, intermittent, underpinning piers





Completed Underpinning Deep, tiedback underpinning for building columns





Completed Underpinning Deep, tiedback, intermittent, underpinning piers





Conclusions

How to protect your construction project Secure sufficient construction funds Hire experienced architects and engineers Hire experienced contractors and subcontractors Implement proper sheeting, shoring, and underpinning measures Monitor the adjacent structures



Conclusions

How to Protect Your Home

Robert Solvibile, commissioner of the city's Department of Licenses and Inspections, said a homeowner should take these steps if someone started to dig next door:

Call 215-686-2463 and file an official inquiry with L&I. Ask what specific precautions have been taken to protect your house. Solvibile said an inspector could explain those plans.

Take photographs to document the condition of your home before and after excavation.

Hire a home inspector before digging begins to document the condition of your house.



Thank You Questions?



